### Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2018

### **AXIS CAPITAL LIMITED**

Registered Office: Axis House, 8th Floor Wadia International Centre Pandurang Budhkar Marg, Worli - 400025 Mumbai, Maharashtra

Chartered Accountains

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### To the Members of Axis Capital Limited

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Axis Capital Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2018, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls and ensuring their operating effectiveness and the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

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### Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2018, its profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

### Other Matter

The financial statements of the Company for the previous year ended March 31, 2017, were audited by another firm of Chartered Accountants who have expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements vide their report dated April 12, 2017.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- (1) As required by the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in "Annexure 1", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- (2) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements read with Notes comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
  - e. On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2018, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2018 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
  - f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, we give our separate Report in "Annexure 2".
  - g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
    - (i) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements Refer Note 21 on Contingent Liabilities to the financial statements;
    - (ii)The Company has long-term contracts as at March 31, 2018 for which there were no material foreseeable losses. The Company did not have any derivative contract hence the question of any material foreseeable losses on account of same does not arise;

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(iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For Haribhakti & Co. LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration No.103523W/W100048

Manoj Kumar Daga

**Partner** 

Membership No.048523

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 13, 2018

Chartered Accountants

### ANNEXURE 1 TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

[Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Axis Capital Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2018.]

- (i) (a)The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
  - (b) During the year, fixed assets have been physically verified by the Management as per the regular programme of verification which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. As informed, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
  - (c) The Company does not have any immovable properties, therefore clause (i) (c) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) The Company's stock-in trade comprises of securities, which could be held in physical or dematerialised form. Physical securities have been verified by the Management during the year and the securities held as stock-in-trade by the custodian are verified with the confirmation statement received from them on a regular basis during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of these verifications is reasonable. The Company is maintaining proper records of securities held as stock in trade and no material discrepancies were noticed on comparing the statement from custodian and physical shares with book records.
- (iii) As informed, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (iii)(a), 3 (iii)(b) and 3 (iii)(c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) Based on information and explanation given to us in respect of loans, investments, guarantees and securities, the Company has complied with the provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Act.
- (v) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the rules framed there under.
- (vi) The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records for any of the products of the Company under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act and the rules framed there under.
- (vii) (a) The Company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities, undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, income tax, goods and service tax, service tax, value added tax, customs duty, cess and any other material statutory dues applicable to it. The provisions relating to employees' state insurance, sales tax and excise duty are not applicable to the Company

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, income tax, goods and service tax, service tax, cess and any other material statutory dues applicable to it, were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable. The provisions relating to employees' state insurance, sales tax and excise duty are not applicable to the Company.

(b) According to the information and explanation given to us, the dues outstanding with respect to, income tax, sales tax, service tax, value added tax, customs duty, excise duty on account of any dispute, are as follows:



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Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount ₹	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax and Interest	637,376	A.Y. 2009-10	CIT Appeals
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax and Interest	18,554,588	A.Y. 2010-11	CIT Appeals
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax and Interest	57,261,830	A.Y. 2012-13	CIT Appeals
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax and Interest	197,660	A.Y. 2014-15	CIT Appeals
Municipal Corporation Act, 1888	Tax and Interest	6,306,470	April 2001 to September 2012	Supreme Court
Finance Act, 1994	Service Tax and Penalty	213,507,306	July 2012- September 2014	Commissioner of Service Tax, Mumbai
Finance Act, 1994	Service Tax	1,556,524	Aug 2003- October 2004	Supreme Court
Finance Act, 1994	Service Tax	253,996	Sept 2002- March 2004	Supreme Court
Finance Act, 1994	Service Tax and Penalty	693,428	April 2003 to October 2005	Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal

- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings to a bank. Further, the Company does not have any dues payable to financial institutions, governments or debenture holders.
  - (ix) The Company has neither raised money by way of public issue offer nor has obtained any term loans. Therefore, paragraph 3(ix) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (x) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of fraud by the Company or any fraud on the Company by its officers or employees, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such instance by the Management.
  - (xi) According to the information and explanations given to us, managerial remuneration has been paid / provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanation given to us, all transactions entered into by the Company with the related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of Act, where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements etc., as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) The tompany has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Therefore, paragraph (MMBA)(xiv)) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

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- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him during the year.
- (xvi) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For Haribhakti & Co. LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration No. 103523W/W100048

Manoj Daga Kumar

Partner

Membership No.048523

Place: Mumbai Date: April 13, 2018

Chartered Accountants

### ANNEXURE 2 TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

[Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Axis Capital Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2018]

Report on the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Axis Capital Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2018 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") (the "Guidance Note"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.

Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are

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being made only in accordance with authorisations of Management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper Management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2018, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For Haribhakti & Co. LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration No.103523W/W100048

Manoj Kumar Daga

Partner

Membership No.042583

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 13, 2018

### **BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2018**

			(Amount in ₹)
	Note	As at	As at
	No.	31 March 2018	31 March 2017
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			
Share capital	3	735,000,000	735,000,000
Reserves and surplus	4	3,525,331,812	3,375,937,505
		4,260,331,812	4,110,937,505
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long term provisions	5	182,333,193	131,881,688
		182,333,193	131,881,688
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade payables	6		
Due to micro and small enterprises		-	-
Due to others		8,242,624,025	7,263,493,151
Other current liabilities	7	281,168,009	46,803,295
Short term provisions	5	646,011,778	435,008,916
·		9,169,803,812	7,745,305,362
		13,612,468,817	11,988,124,555
ASSETS			
NONCURRENT ASSETS			
Fixed Assets	8		
Property, plant and equipment		7,983,041	7,051,272
Intangible assets		2,849,766	2,182,336
Intangible assets under development		974,050	235,500
		11,806,857	9,469,108
Deferred tax assets (net)	29	10,411,648	27,466,278
Long term loans and advances	10	115,832,546	95,673,917
Other non-current assets	11.2	287,122,650	55, <del>9</del> 37,149
		413,366,844	179,077,344
CURRENT ASSETS			
Current investments	9	1,008,522,334	1,470,683,398
Stock-in-trade	12	-	2,313
Trade receivables	11.1	8,674,844,945	7,138,337,465
Cash and bank balances	13	3,348,340,412	2,592,598,516
Short-term loans and advances	10	97,372,575	475,363,497
Other current assets	11.2	58,214,850	122,592,914
		13,187,295,116	11,799,578,103
		13,612,468,817	11,988,124,555

Summary of significant accounting policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

MUMBAI

As per report of even date For Haribhakti & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 103523W / W100048

Manoj Kumar Daga

Partner

Membership No.:- 048523

Place: Mumbai Date: 13 April 2018 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

2.1

Shikha Sharma Chairperson

DIN No. :- 00043265

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Neelesh Baheti Chief Financial Officer Dharmesh Mehta Managing Director & CEO

DIN No. :- 06734366

M. Viatarajan Company Secretary



### STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

STATEMENT OF TROTT AND EGGS TOR THE TEAR ENDED ST MARCH 2010			(Amount in ₹)
	Note No.	For the year ended 31 March 2018	For the year ended 31 March 2017
Revenue from operation	14	4,022,715,933	3,186,112,926
Other income	15	322,345,743	251,626,180
Other medical		4,345,061,676	3,437,739,106
Employee benefit expense	16	1,256,760,525	985,152,616
Finance costs	17	4,617,253	6,455,206
Depreciation and amortization	18	4,382,110	4,092,151
Other expenses	1 <del>9</del>	935,579,310	720,546,719
	,	2,201,339,198	1,716,246,692
Profit/(loss) before tax		2,143,722,478	1,721,492,414
Tax expenses:			
Current tax		746,000,000	587,000,000
Short / (Excess) provision for tax of earlier years		(7,206,647)	-
Deferred Tax		17,054,630	2,324,629
Total tax expense		755,847,983	589,324,629
Profit/(loss) for the year		1,387,874,495	1,132,167,785
Earning per equity share:	20		
[Nominal value per share ₹10 ( 31 March 2017: ₹10)]			
Basic		18.88	15.40
Diluted		18.88	15.40
Summary of significant accounting policies	2.1		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per report of even date For Haribhakti & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 103523W / W100048

Manoj Kumar Daga

Partner

Membership No. :- 048523

Place: Mumbai Date: 13 April 2018 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Shikha Sharma Chairperson

DIN No. :- 00043265

Neelesh Baheti

Chief Financial Officer

Dharmesh Mehta Managing Director & CEO

DIN No. :- 06734366

M. datarajan Company Secretary



	Year ended	Year ended	
Particulars	31 March 2018	31 March 2017	
A) Cash flows from operating activities	₹	₹	
Profit/(loss) before taxes	2,143,722,478	1,721,492,414	
Non cash & non operating adjustments:	45.07.227.10	_,,,,,	
Profit on sale of current investment	(77,383,293)	(71,558,785	
Interest Income	(208,648,509)	(138,917,219	
Interest Income on income tax refund	(16,375,217)		
Reversal of liability no longer required	{18,275,499}	(4,992,00)	
Depreciation and amortisation	4,382,110	4,092,15	
Unrealised foreign (gain)/ioss	(294,018)	(9,71	
Provision for contingent liabilities	1,973,000	527,00	
Provision for doubtful advances	2 <del>62,9</del> 22	2,250,83	
Bad advances written off	2,211,391		
Reversal of provision for doubtful advances	(2,250,838)	-	
Provision for bad and doubtful debts	23,278,293	648,05	
Bad debts and sundry balances written off	9,082,539	7,487,64	
Reversal of provision of doubtful debts	(8,282,152)	(9,271,35	
Loss / (profit) on sale of fixed assets		(94,20	
Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes	1,853,403,207	1,511,654,81	
Movement In working capital:			
Decrease / (increase) in long term loan & advances	(303,497)	826,73	
Decrease / (increase) in short term loan & advances	377,767,4 <del>4</del> 7	(456,239,63	
Decrease / (increase) in trade receivables	(1,558,071,760)	{4, <del>6</del> 07,105,05	
Decrease / (increase) in stock-in-trade	2,313	3,65	
Decrease / (increase) in other current assets	(7,083,380)	(2,497,10	
Increase / (decrease) in long term provisions	50,451,505	131,881,68	
Increase / (decrease) in short term provisions	188,010,296	(5 <del>6</del> ,501,75	
Increase / (decrease) in trade payables	997,318,864	5,067,191,58	
Increase / (decrease) in other current liabilities	231,586,930	22,150,949	
Cash generated from operations	2,133,081,925	1,611,365,87	
Direct taxes paid (net of refund)	(739,782,374)	(650,155,614	
Net cash from operating activities	1,393,299,551	961,210,262	
Cash flow from investing activities			
Purchase of fixed assets including cwip	(3,921,494)	(4,805,17	
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	-	94,200	
Purchase of investments	(7,065,085,471)	(8,621,056,014	
Sale of investments	7,604,629,828	7,221,931,40	
Investment in bank fixed deposit	(3,901,000,000)	(3,094,576,49)	
Redemption of bank fixed deposit	3,262,201,492	2,990,575,00	
Interest received	276,949,453	140,742,86	
Interest income on income tax refund	16,375,217		
Net cash used in investing activities	190,149,025	(1,367,094,21)	
Cash flows from financing activities			
Equity dividend paid	(1,029,000,000)	(514,500,000	
Tax on equity dividend paid	(209,480,188)	(104,740,094	
Net cash used in financing activities	(1,238,480,188)	(619,240,094	
Net Increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	344,968,388	(1,025,124,049	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	181,097,024	1,206,221,07	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	526,065,412	181,097,024	
Components of cash and cash equivalents			
Cash in hand	55,67 <del>9</del>	64,49	
Balances with banks: -On current accounts	526,009,733	181,032,525	
OF OWNER REPORTS	526,065,412	181,097,024	

Note: The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Accounting Standard 3 - Cash Flow Statement.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report on even date For Haribhakti & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 103523W / W100048

Manoj Kumar Daga

Partner

Membership No. :- 048523

Place: Mumbai Date: 13 April 2018 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Shikha-Sharma Chairperson DIN No.:- 00043265

Neelesh Baheti

**Chief Financial Officer** 

Dharmesh Mehta Managing Director & CEO DIN No. :- 06734366

M. Natarajan Company Secretary



### Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018

### 1. Nature of operations

Axis Capital Limited ('the Company') is a public company domiciled in India. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Axis Bank Limited ('the Bank'). The Company is in the business of institutional broking, investment banking and distribution of financial products.

### 2. Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles in India (Indian GAAP). The Company has prepared these financial statements to comply in all material respects with the accounting standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read with relevant rules framed thereunder ('the Act'). The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention.

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of financial statements are consistent with those of previous year.

All the assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criterion set out in the Schedule III of the Act.

### 2.1 Summary of significant accounting policies

### i. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

### ii. Plant, Property and Equipment

Plant, property and equipment are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost comprises purchase price, directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use and initial estimate of decommissioning, restoring and similar liabilities. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of plant, property and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

The Company identifies and determines cost of each component/ part of the asset separately, if the component/ part has a cost which is significant to the total cost of the asset and has useful life that is materially different from that of the remaining asset.



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### Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018

### iii. Depreciation on plant, property and equipment

Depreciation on plant, property and equipment is calculated on a straight-line basis using the rates arrived at, based on the useful lives estimated by the management. The Company has used the following rates to provide depreciation on its plant, property and equipment.

	Useful lives estimated by the management (years)	Useful Life as per prescribed in Schedule II of the Act	
		(year)	
Computers	3	3	
Furniture and fixtures	10	10	
Office equipment	3 - 10	5	
Vehicles	4	10	

The management has estimated, supported by independent assessment by professionals, the useful lives of the following classes of assets.

- The useful lives of certain office equipment are estimated as 3 to 10 years.
- Furniture and fixtures and vehicles are depreciated over the estimated useful lives of 10 years and 4 years.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

### iv. Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Intangible assets are amortized on a straight line basis over the estimated useful economic life.

The amortization period and the amortization method are reviewed at least at each financial year end. If the expected useful life of the asset is significantly different from previous estimates, the amortization period is changed accordingly.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

A summary of amortization policies applied to the Company's intangible assets is as below:

Rates (SLM)
Computer software 20%

### Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018

### v. Impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, if any such indication exists, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the assets. If such recoverable amount of asset or recoverable amount of cash generating unit which the asset belongs to, is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. If at balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impaired loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of depreciable historical cost. Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash generating unit's net selling price and value in use.

### vi. Leases

### Where Company is the lessee

Leases, where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased item, are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### vii. Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

### Brokerage -

- a. Brokerage income in relation to stock broking activity is recognized as per contracted rates at the execution of transactions on behalf of the customers on a trade date basis.
- b. Gains/losses on dealing in securities are recognized on a trade date basis.

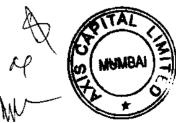
### Investment Banking -

- a. Revenue from issue management, loan syndication, and financial advisory services is recognized based on the stage of completion of assignments and terms of agreement with the client.
- b. Selling commissions/brokerage generated from primary market operations i.e. procuring subscriptions from investors for public offerings of companies, mutual funds, etc. are recorded on determination of the amount due to the Company, once the allotment of securities are completed.

### Interest and dividend -

- a. Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the applicable interest rate. Interest income is included under the head "other income" in the statement of profit and loss.
- b. Dividend income is recognized when the Company's right to receive dividend is established by the reporting date.





### Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018

### viii. Stock-in-trade

Securities acquired with the intention of short-term holding and trading are classified as stock-in-trade. The securities held as stock-in-trade are valued at lower of cost arrived at on first in first out basis or marketable fair value. Any loss on valuation is routed through statement of profit and loss.

### ix. Retirement and other employee benefits

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The Company recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as expenditure, when an employee renders the related service.

Gratuity liability is a defined benefit obligation and is provided for on the basis of an actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method, made at the end of each year. Actuarial gains and losses for the defined benefit plans are recognized in full in the period in which they occur in the statement of profit and loss of the year.

Accumulated leave, which is expected to be utilized within the next 12 months, is treated as short-term employee benefit. The Company measures the expected cost of such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date.

The Company treats accumulated leave expected to be carried forward beyond twelve months, as long-term employee benefit for measurement purposes. Such long-term compensated absences are provided for based on the actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method at the year end. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately taken to the statement of profit and loss and are not deferred.

### x. Income taxes

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current income-tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income-tax Act, 1961. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Deferred income taxes reflect the impact of timing differences between taxable income and accounting income originating during the current year and reversal of timing differences for the earlier years. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible timing differences only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

At each reporting date, the Company re-assesses unrecognized deferred tax assets. It recognizes unrecognized deferred tax asset to the extent that it has become reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

### Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date. The Company writesdown the carrying amount of deferred tax asset to the extent that it is no longer reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which deferred tax asset can be realized. Any such write-down is reversed to the extent that it becomes reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available.

### xi. Investment

Investments, which are readily realizable and intended to be held for not more than one year from the date on which such investments are made, are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long-term investments.

On initial recognition, all investments are measured at cost. The cost comprises purchase price and directly attributable acquisition charges such as brokerage, fees and duties. If an investment is acquired, or partly acquired, by the issue of shares or other securities, the acquisition cost is the fair value of the securities issued. If an investment is acquired in exchange for another asset, the acquisition is determined by reference to the fair value of the asset given up or by reference to the fair value of the investment acquired, whichever is more clearly evident.

Current investments are carried in the financial statements at lower of cost and fair value determined on an individual investment basis. Long-term investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognize a decline other than temporary in the value of the investments.

On disposal of an investment, the difference between its carrying amount and net disposal proceeds is charged or credited to the statement of profit and loss.

### xii. Borrowing costs

Borrowing cost includes interest and amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings. Borrowing costs to the extent related/attributable to the acquisition/construction of assets that takes substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use are capitalized along with the respective fixed asset up to the date such asset is ready for use. Other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period they occur.

### xiii. Foreign currency transactions and balances

### (i) Initial recognition

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency (which is Indian Rupees), by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

### (ii) Conversion

Foreign currency monetary items are retranslated using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary items, which are measured in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency, are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items, which are measured at fair value or other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency, are translated using the exchange rate at the date when such value was determined.

### Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018

### (iii) Exchange differences

All exchange differences arising out of monetary items are recognized as income or as expenses in the period in which they arise.

### xiv. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

### xv. Provisions

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. These are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

### xvi. Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

### xvii. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of cash flow statement comprise cash at bank and in hand and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.





### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

### 3. Share capital

- · · · · ·	31-Mar-18 ₹	31-Mar-17 <i>₹</i>
Authorised share capital		
175,000,000 (31 March 2017: 175,000,000) equity shares of ₹10/- each	1,750,000,000	1,750,000,000
Issued share capital		
73,500,000 (31 March 2017: 73,500,000) equity shares of ₹10/- each	735,000,000	735,000,000
Subscribed and fully pald-up shares		
73,500,000 (31 March 2017: 73,500,000) equity shares of ₹10/- each	735,000,000	735,000,000

### (a) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year

### **Equity shares**

·	31-Mar	31-Mar-18		-17
	No.	₹	No.	₹
At the beginning of the year	73,500,000	735,000,000	73,500,000	735,000,000
Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Cancelled during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	73,500,000	735,000,000	73,500,000	735,000,000

### (b) Terms/right attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹10/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

During the year ended 31 March 2018, the amount of per share dividend recognized as distributions to equity shareholders was ₹14/- (31 March 2017: ₹7/-).

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holder of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in the proportion of the number of shares held by the shareholders.

### (c) Shares held by holding/ultimate holding Company and/ or their subsidiaries/ associates

Out of equity shares issued by the Company, shares held by its holding company, ultimate holding company and their subsidiaries / associates are as below:

Name of shareholder	31-Mar-18		31-Mar-17	
	₹	% of holding	₹	% of holding
Axis Bank Limited, the holding Company and its nominees				
73,500,000 (31 March 2017: 73,500,000) equity shares of ₹10/-each	735,000,000	100%	735,000,000	100%

(d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

fail a printing of a printing of the fail					
Name of shareholder	31-Mar-18		31-Mar-17		
	No. of shares	% of holding	No. of shares	% of holding	
Axis Bank Limited, the holding Company and its nominees				_	
73,500,000 (31 March 2017: 73,500,000) equity shares of ₹10/-each	73,500,000	100%	73,500,000	100%	

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

### (e) Proposed dividends on Equity shares

The Board proposed dividend on equity shares after the balance sheet date.

Proposed dividend on equity shares for the year ended on 31 March 2018: ₹16/- per share (31 March 2017: ₹14/- per share)

Dividend Distribution Tax on proposed dividend on equity shares

Total ....

	-	₹	₹
8: ₹16/- per	$\nabla$	1,176,000,000	1,029,000,000
	TAIN \	241,730,259	209,480,188
	<u> </u>	1,417,730,259	1,238,480,188

31-Mar-18

31-Mar-17

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

4.	Reserve	& Sur	plus
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		31-Mar-18 ₹	31-Mar-17 ₹
General Reserve			
Balance as per last financial statements		129,237,420	129,237,420
Addition		-	-
Balance at the end of the year	A	129,237,420	129,237,420
Surplus/(deficit) in the statement of profit and loss			
Balance as per last financial statements		3,246,700,085	2,733,772,394
Profit for the year		1,387,874,495	1,132,167,785
Less: Appropriations			
Final equity dividend (amount per share ₹14/- (31 March 2017: ₹7))		(1,029,000,000)	(514,500,000)
Tax on equity dividend		(209,480,188)	(104,740,094)
Total appropriations		(1,238,480,188)	(619,240,094)
Balance at the end of the year	В	3,396,094,392	3,246,700,085
Total	(A+B)	3,525,331,812	3,375,937,505

### 5. Provisions

	Long-term		Short-t	erm
	31-Mar-18 ₹	31-Mar-17 ₹	31-Mar-18 ₹	31-Mar-17 ₹
Provision for employee benefits				
Gratuity payable (funded) (refer note no. 27)	-	•	23,550,602	7,977,325
Provision for compensated absences	•	•	1,049,728	1,116,656
Provision for bonus (refer note no. 32)	181,024,198	131,881,688	594,447,484	421,294,318
<u> </u>	181,024,198	131,881,688	619,047,814	430,388,299
Other provisions		· · ·		
Provision for tax [net of advance tax of ₹724,720,928 (Previous Year:		-	21,130,630	-
₹Nil)}	-			
Lease equalization	1,308,995	-	•	760,283
Provision for litigation (refer note 21 & 34)	•	-	5,833,334	3,860,334
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,308,995		26,963,964	4,620,617
Total -	182,333,193	131,881,688	646,011,778	435,008,916

### 6.Trade Payables

	31-Mar-18 ₹	31-Mar-17 ₹
Trade payables		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
-Due to micro and small enterprises	-	-
-Due to holding company 'Axis Bank Limited'	2,777,434	8,582,326
-Due to others	8,239,846,591	7,254,910,825
Total	8,242,624,025	7,263,493,151

### 7. Others current liabilities

	31-Mar-18 ₹	31-Mar-17 ₹
Other payable	<del></del>	
-Statutory dues	277,753,636	46,691,038
-Other outstanding liabilities	561,353	57,603
-Capital Creditors	2,853,020	54,654
Total	281,168,009	46,803,295





# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

### 8. Fixed Assets

										(Amount in ₹)
:		Gross Block	Block			Depre	Depreciation		Net	Net Block
Assets	As at 31 March, 2017	As at Additions 31 March, 2017 during the year	Deductions during the year	As at 31 March, 2018	As at 31 March, 2017	Charge for the year	Deductions during the year	As at 31 March, 2018	As at 31 March, 2018	As at 31 March, 2017
Property, plant and equipment										
Computers	34,062,198	4,414,907	1	38,477,105	28,200,445	3,338,445	•	31,538,890	6,938,215	5,861,753
Furniture	265,996	ı	,	265,996	124,773	22,848	1	147,621	118,375	141,223
Vehicles	13,066	•	ı	13,066	13,066	1	1	13,066	١	•
Office Equipment								_		
Printers etc.	1,873,169	132,750	ı	2,005,919	1,656,736	147,347	•	1,804,083	201,836	216,433
Fax, UPS, Batteries etc.	360,131	,	ı	360,131	330,033	9,288	1	339,321	20,810	30,098
EPABX etc.	74,648	•	ı	74,648	74,648	1	1	74,648	ı	•
Others	1,370,442	25,212	•	1,395,654	568,677	123,172		691,849	703,805	801,765
	38,019,650	4,572,869	•	42,592,519	30,968,378	3,641,100	•	34,609,478	7,983,041	7,051,272
Intangible assets										
Software	2,741,528	1,408,440	,	4,149,968	559,192	741,010	ı	1,300,202	2,849,766	2,182,336
Intangible assets under development	235,500	1,926,990	1,188,440	974,050		,	ı	,	974,050	235,500
Total	40,996,678	7,908,299	1,188,440	47,716,537	31,527,570	4,382,110	_	35,909,680	11,806,857	9,469,108





# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

## 8. Fixed Assets (Contd.)

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Previous Year										(Amount in ₹)
		Gross Block	Block			Depre	Depreciation		Net	Net Block
Assets	As at Additions 31 March, 2016 during the year	_	Deductions during the year	As at 31 March, 2017	As at 31 March, 2016	Charge for the year	Deductions during the year	As at 31 March, 2017	As at 31 March, 2017	As at 31 March, 2016
Property, plant and equipment										
Computers	33,932,547	4,109,212	3,979,561	34,062,198	28,691,201	3,488,805	3,979,561	28,200,445	5,861,753	5,241,346
Furniture	265,996	•	'	265,996	101,925	22,848	,	124,773	141,223	164,071
Vehicles	13,066	•	•	13,066	13,066	ı	١	13,066	1	•
Office Equipment										
Printers etc.	2,091,876	1	218,707	1,873,169	1,738,890	136,553	218,707	1,656,736	216,433	352,986
Fax, UPS, Batteries etc.	345,631	14,500	1	360,131	315,485	14,548	1	330,033	30,08	30,146
EPABX etc.	74,648	,	•	74,648	74,648	•	•	74,648	'	ı
Others	1,370,442	-	1	1,370,442	446,393	122,284	•	568,677	801,765	924,049
	38,094,206	4,123,712	4,198,268	38,019,650	31,381,608	8£0′582′E	4,198,268	30,968,378	7,051,272	6,712,598
Intangible assets Software	700,219	2,041,309	_	2,741,528	252,079	307,113	•	559,192	2,182,336	448,140
Intangible assets under development	1,650,000	615,000	2,029,500	235,500	ŧ	1		•	. 235,500	1,650,000
Total	40,444,425	6,780,021	6,227,768	40,996,678	31,633,687	4,092,151	4,198,268	31,527,570	9,469,108	8,810,738





### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

_			
•	Inve	 **	

- · · · ·	Non-c	urrent	Curre	ent
	31-Mar-18	31-Mar-17	31-Mar-18	31-Mar-17
<del>_</del>	₹	₹	₹	₹
Units of Mutual Funds (fully paid)				
(Unquoted, valued at lower of cost and fair value)				
Aditya Birla Sun Life Savings Fund - Regular - Growth*	-		_	250,100,000
Axis Liquid Fund - Direct - Growth	-	•	500,522,334	-
Axis short Term Fund – Direct - Growth*	-	-	100,000,000	575,378,329
Axis Banking & PSU Debt Fund – Direct - Growth*	-	•	408,000,000	221,705,069
HDFC Floating Rate Income Fund - Short Term Plan - Wholesale Plan -				
Regular	•	-	-	423,500,000
	-	-	1,008,522,334	1,470,683,398

<sup>\*</sup>pledged to Stock Exchange and Bankers amounting to ₹393,325,002 (31 March 2017: ₹825,478,329)

10. Loans and advances

		Non-cui	rrent	Curre	int
		31-Mar-18	31-Mar-17	31-Mar-18	31-Mar-17
		₹	₹	₹	₹
Security/margin deposit					
Unsecured, considered good		18,711,500	18,636,500	2,510,000	450,010,000
	Α _	18,711,500	18,636,500	2,510,000	450,010,000
Advances recoverable in cash or kind					
Insecured, considered good					
-Recoverable from Subsidiary 'Axis Capital US	A LLC'	-	-	2,558,479	-
-Recoverable from others		-	_	27,784,721	13,620,146
	-			30,343,200	13,620,146
Insecured, considered doubtful					
-Recoverable from others		-	-	262,922	2,250,838
Provision for doubtful advances		-	-	(262,922)	(2,250,838
	B _		-	30,343,200	13,620,146
Other loans and advances					
Unsecured, considered good)					
Loans to employees		-	-	527,806	28,360
Advance income-tax (net of provision of ₹3,70 year: ₹4,211,200,000)]	1,200,000 (Previous	96,884,553	77,029,421	-	-
Prepaid expenses		236,493	7,996	4,672,120	4,764,991
Balance with statutory/government authoritie	<u> </u>	-	- ,240	59,319,449	6,940,000
	c _	97,1 <u>21,</u> 046	77,037,417	64,519,375	11,733,351
Total	(A+B+C)	115,832,546	95,673,917	97,372,575	475,363,497





### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

### 11. Trade receivables and other assets

11.1	Trade	receiva	hle

		Non-c	:urrent	Curre	ent
		31-Mar-18 ₹	31-Mar-17 ₹	31-Mar-18 ₹	31-Mar-17 ₹
Unsecured, considered good unless state	ed otherwise	•			
Outstanding for a period exceeding six m are due for payment	onths from the date they				
Unsecured, considered good					
Receivable from Others		-	-	41,541,464	706,984
Doubtful		-	-	23,278,293	8,282,152
	•	-	-	64,819,757	8,989,136
Provision for doubtful receivables		-	-	(23,278,293)	(8,282,152)
	Α ]	-		41,541,464	706,984
Other receivables Unsecured, considered good					
Receivable from holding company 'Axi.	: Bank Limited			1,913,330	18,090
Receivable from Others		-	-	8,631,390,151	7,137,612,391
Doubtful			-		-
	•	-	-	8,633,303,481	7,137,630,481
Provision for doubtful receivables		-	-		-
	8 _		<u> </u>	8,633,303,481	7,137,630,481
Total	(A+B)			8,674,844,945	7,138,337,465

### 11.2 Other assets

	Nол-си	rrent	Curre	ent
	31-Mar-18 ₹	31-Mar-17 ₹	31-Mar-18 ₹	31-Mar-17 ₹
Unsecured, considered good unless stated otherwise				
Non-current bank balances (refer note no. 13)	282,700,000	54,675,000	-	•
Others				
Interest accrued on fixed deposits	4,422,650	1,262,149	48,634,362	120,095,807
Interest Receivable	-	-	9,470,488	2,497,107
Income receivable		-	110,000	-
Total	287,122,650	55,937,149	58,214,850	122,592,914

### 12. Stock-in-trade

	31-Mar-18	31-Mar-17 ₹	
	₹		
Opening	2,313	5,970	
Purchase	561,976,408	842,190,771	
Sale (at cost)*	561,978,721	842,194,428	
Closing#		2,313	

<sup>\*</sup> Loss (net) of ₹ 294,465 (Previous Year: ₹ 606,384) on sale of these shares has been disclosed under Note 19 "Other expenses"

### 13. Cash and bank balances

	Non-current		Current	
	31-Mar-18 ₹	31-Mar-17 ₹	31-Mar-18 ₹	31-Mar-17 ₹
Cash and cash equivalents				
-Cash on hand	-	-	55,679	64,499
Balances with banks:				
-On current accounts	-	-	526,009,733	181,032,525
A _	•	-	526,065,412	181,097,024
Other bank balances				
Fixed deposits with original maturity of more than 12 months  -Lien marked deposits (The period of lien is in line with the period  of fixed deposit).	272,800,000	54,675,000	2,817,508,334	1,660,333,333
-Other Deposits	9,900,000	-	4,766,666	751,168,159
<u> </u>	282,700,000	54,675,000	2,822,275,000	2,411,501,492
Amount disclosed under non-current assets (note 11.2) C	282,700,000	54,675,000		•
Total/: 7 (A+B-C)	•		3,348,340,412	2,592,598,516

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<sup>#</sup> Closing stock has been stated at cost or market value whichever is lower

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2018 ₹	31 March 2017 マ
Fees from advisory services and other professional services	2,534,458,658	1,859,555,959
Brokerage income	1,403,116,094	1,293,794,045
Other operating income		
-Interest Income on margin money funding	85,141,181	32,762,922
Total	4,022,715,933	3,186,112,926
15. Other income		
	For the year	For the year
	ended	ended
	31 March 2018 ₹	31 March 2017 ₹
Profit on sale of current investment	77,383,293	71,558,786
Interest Income on fixed deposit	208,648,509	171,680,142
Interest Income on income tax refund	16,375,217	-
Reversal of provision/liability no longer required	18,275,499	4,992,001
Miscellaneous Income	1,663,225	3,395,251
Total	322,345,743	251,626,180
16. Employee benefits expense		
• •	For the year ended	For the year ended
	enden 31 March 2018 ₹	31 March 2017 ₹
Salaries, wages and bonus (refer note no. 32)	1,217,288,090	967,264,879
Contribution to provident and other funds	6,592,160	4,166,339
Gratuity expense (refer note no. 27)	23,550,602	7,977,325
Staff welfare expenses	9,329,673	5,744,073
Total	1,256,760,525	985,152,616
17. Finance costs		
	For the year	For the year
	ended	ended
	31 March 2018 て	31 March 2017 ₹
Interest on overdraft	₹ 4,613,507	
	र 4,613,507 3,746	₹ 6,455,206 -
Interest on overdraft Other borrowing cost Total	₹ 4,613,507	₹
Other borrowing cost	4,613,507 3,746 4,617,253	6,455,206 6,455,206
Other borrowing cost Total	र 4,613,507 3,746	6,455,206 - 6,455,206 For the year
Other borrowing cost Total	4,613,507 3,746 4,617,253 For the year ended	6,455,206 - 6,455,206 For the year ended
Other borrowing cost Total	4,613,507 3,746 4,617,253 For the year	6,455,206 - 6,455,206 For the year
Other borrowing cost  Total  18. Depreciation and amortization expense	4,613,507 3,746 4,617,253 For the year ended 31 March 2018	6,455,206 - 6,455,206 For the year ended 31 March 2017 7
Other borrowing cost Total	₹ 4,613,507 3,746 4,617,253  For the year ended 31 March 2018 ₹	6,455,206 - 6,455,206 For the year ended 31 March 2017





### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

19. Other expenses

19. Other expenses				
		For the year	For the year	
		ended	ended 31 March 2017	
		31 March 2018		
Channe data.		₹ 37,307,090	<del>₹</del> 25,027,954	
Stamp duty				
Trade confirmation charges		39,448,074	38,334,992	
Brokerage expenses		292,258,513	331,275,871	
Stock exchange expenses		41,102,384	30,658,191	
Printing and stationary *		12,167,724	4,781,083	
Electricity & water charges		8,574,428	8,718,406	
Rent (refer note no. 26)		79,567,055	74,498,935	
Repairs & maintenance - others		12,929,525	10,394,512	
CSR expenditure (refer note no. 30)		34,376,000	24,850,000	
Insurance		845,290	1,275,455	
Rates and taxes		4,894,899	5,896,211	
Professional fees*		139,388,588	20,796,819	
Office expenses*		55,578,272	5,660,266	
Deputation expenses		34,868,714	27,887,915	
Telephone, fax & internet		8,878,373	9,155,117	
Foreign exchange loss		101,911	1,875,246	
Loss on sale of devolved securities/dealing error		960,462	1,250,120	
Travelling & conveyance expenses		41,360,311	39,700,356	
Director's sitting fees		1,453,250	1,105,500	
Auditors remuneration:#				
- For audit		1,250,000	2,100,000	
- Other		-	12,363	
Miscellaneous expenses		63,966,292	56,237,388	
Provision for doubtful advances				
- Provision for bad and doubtful advances	262,922		2,250,838	
- Bad advances written off	2,211,391		-	
- Reversal of provision of doubtful advances	(2,250,838)	223,475	•	
Bad debts				
- Provision for bad and doubtful debts	23,278,293		648,051	
- Bad debts written off	9,082,539		5,426,489	
- Reversal of provision of doubtful debts	(8,282,152)	24,078,680	(9,271,359)	
Total	-	935,579,310	720,546,719	

<sup>\*</sup>includes direct expenses pertaining to advisory services and other professional services amounting to ₹164,575,710 (Previous Year: ₹Nil). #previous year figure relates to payments made to predecessor auditors.





### Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018

### 20. Earnings per Share (EPS)

	2017 - 2018 ₹	2016 - 2017 ₹
Profit/ (loss) after tax	1,387,874,495	1,132,167,785
Net profit/ (loss) for calculation of basic EPS and diluted EPS	1,387,874,495	1,132,167,785
	No.	No.
Weighted average number of equity shares in calculating diluted EPS	73,500,000	73,500,000
Earnings per share (Basic and diluted) (in ₹)	18.88	15.40

### 21. Contingent Liabilities

	31 March 2018 ₹	31 March 2017 ₹
(A) Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts*	2,500,000	2,500,000
(B) Tax demand under litigation#		
- For Service Tax	216,011,255	256,625,942
- For Income Tax	11,282,677	6,180,770
- For Property Tax	6,306,570	6,306,570
(C) Outstanding bank guarantee	500,000	-
Total	236,600,502	271,613,282

\*The Company is facing certain litigations with respect to alleged non disclosures in respect of investment banking jobs handled by the Company. The Management believes that its position will likely be upheld and the outcome of these proceeding will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position and result of operations. During the year, the Company has provided penalty of ₹2,500,000 (Previous Year: ₹527,000) for litigation.

#The Company is contesting the demands and the management believes that its position will likely be upheld in the appellate process. No tax expense has been accrued in the financial statements for the tax demand raised. The management believes that the ultimate outcome of this proceeding will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position and results of operations.

### 22. Capital and other commitments

(A) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for:

	31 March 2018 (₹)	31 March 2017 (₹)
Commitment for addition/acquisition of software	567,226	494,500
Total	567,226	494,500





### Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018

- (B) The Company in the ordinary course of its business has syndicated certain secured instruments aggregating to ₹5,250,000,000 (31 March, 2017: ₹13,020,000,000) wherein the Company is mandated to monetize the underlying security on occurring of certain events to meet the Issuer's obligations and fulfill the shortfall, if any.
- (C) For commitments in respect of Leases, refer Note No. 26.

### 23. Details of Foreign Currency Transactions\*

		2017 - 2018 ₹	2016-2017 ₹
	Earnings in foreign currency		
a)	Fees from advisory services and other professional services	244,269,439	296,807,758
	Expenditure in foreign currency		
a)	Deputation expenses	22,674,175	10,227,769
b)	Professional fees	2,672,280	1,626,320
c)	Travelling and conveyance	8,613,404	7,147,085
d)	Trade confirmation charges	16,542,656	16,742,835
e)	Others	4,693,779	5,128,928

<sup>\*</sup>on accrual basis

### 24. Segment information

The Company's various business activities in respect of capital market transactions carry similar risks and returns and hence considered as a single reportable business segment. Further, the Company operates in a single geographical segment. Hence, no disclosures are required to be given in accordance with AS 17 on Segment Reporting.

### 25. Related Party Disclosures

### Names of related parties

Holding Company	Axis Bank Limited ("ABL")
Key Management Personnel	Mr. Dharmesh Mehta (Managing Director and CEO) Mr. Mitesh Mehta (Relative of Managing Director and CEO)
	Mr. Natarajan Mahadevan (Company Secretary)
	Mr. Bhavesh Rupani (Chief Financial Officer till 24/08/2016)
	Mr. Neelesh Baheti (Chief Financial Officer w.e.f. 25/08/2016)
Subsidiary	Axis Capital USA LLC ("ACUL") (w.e.f. 02/08/2017)
Fellow Subsidiary	Axis Private Equity Limited ("APEL")
•	Axis Trustee Services Limited ("ATSL")
5. 5 <del>.</del> 40	Axis Asset Management Company Limited ("AAMCL")
-20 <u>04</u> 434	Axis Finance Limited ("AFL")
	Axis Securities Limited ("ASL")

### Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018

### **Transactions of transactions**

Particulars	Holding Company	Subsidiary Company	Fellow Subsidiary	Key Management Personnel	Total
	(₹)	(₹)	(₹)	(₹)	(₹)
Income					
Brokerage Income -	2,496,426	_	•		2,496,426
	(2,537,947)	-	-	_	(2,537,947)
Brokerage Income (AAMCL) -	-		•	-	-
		-	(758,392)	<u> </u>	(758,392)
Brokerage Income (ASL) -	-		911,560	-	911,560
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(12,400,000)	-	(12,400,000)
Bank interest -	103,058,856	-	-	-	103,058,856
	(156,788,117)	-	-	-	(156,788,117)
Other reimbursement		-	748,307		748,307
(APEL)	-	-	(300,000)		(300,000)
Advisory Income	123,421,665	-	-		123,421,665
	-	-	<del>-</del>		
Service charges	-		1,134,711	<del>-</del>	1,134,711
(AFL)		-	(1,380,615)		(1,380,615)
Expenses Remuneration of Key Managem	nent Personnel#		<del></del>		<del></del>
	_		-	77,987,252	77,987,252
Mr. Dharmesh Mehta –	<del></del>	-		(64,041,498)	(64,041,498
	-	•	-	13,407,147	13,407,147
Mr. Mitesh Mehta -	-		•	(10,983,191)	(10,983,191
	-	-		16,772,221	16,772,221
Mr. Natarajan Mahadevan 🕒		-	-	(15,011,224)	(15,011,224
	-	-	-	-	
Mr. Bhavesh Rupani -	_	-	-	(5,227,016)	(5,227,016
Reimbursement of	160,949,028	-	•	-	160,949,028
expense*	(160,486,612)	-		-	(160,486,612
	4,613,507	-	-	-	4,613,507
Interest expense -	(6,455,206)		_	_	(6,455,206
Bank charges	102,774	_		-	102,774
	(51,873)		-	-	(51,873
	3,746	_	_		3,746
Bank Guarantee Charges -		•			
	127,775	_	· <u>····</u>	-	127,775
Demat charges -	(96,314)		-		(96,314
•	3,839		-	-	3,839
Brokerage expense -	(3,011,511)				(3,011,511
\$ 1 TO TO THE RESERVE	(0,011,011)			ATA I	_



### Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018

-	-	826,348	-	826,348
		(4,317,606)	-	(4,317,606)
-	-	•	-	-
	-	(20,950)	-	(20,950)
•	-	300,000	-	300,000
-	-	-	<u></u>	-
	2,558,479	-	•	2,558,479
-	_	-	•	-
1,029,000,000	-	-	-	1,029,000,000
(514,500,000)	-	-	-	(514,500,000)
500,000	-	_	•	500,000
-	-	-	-	-
the year end	-	-	-	-
the year end 1,058,468,285	-	-	-	1,058,468,285
	- -	- - -	-	1,058,468,285 (1,694,134,090)
1,058,468,285			-	
1,058,468,285 (1,694,134,090)	-	-	-	(1,694,134,090)
1,058,468,285 (1,694,134,090) 520,707,657	-	-	-	(1,694,134,090) <b>520,707,657</b>
1,058,468,285 (1,694,134,090) 520,707,657 (174,353,548)	-	-	- - - -	(1,694,134,090) 520,707,657 (174,353,548)
1,058,468,285 (1,694,134,090) 520,707,657 (174,353,548) 2,777,434	-	-	- - - - -	(1,694,134,090) 520,707,657 (174,353,548) 2,777,434
1,058,468,285 (1,694,134,090) 520,707,657 (174,353,548) 2,777,434	- - -	-	- - - - -	(1,694,134,090) 520,707,657 (174,353,548) 2,777,434 (8,582,326)
1,058,468,285 (1,694,134,090) 520,707,657 (174,353,548) 2,777,434	- - -	-	- - - - - -	(1,694,134,090) 520,707,657 (174,353,548) 2,777,434 (8,582,326)
1,058,468,285 (1,694,134,090) 520,707,657 (174,353,548) 2,777,434 (8,582,326)	- - - - 2,558,479		- - - - - -	(1,694,134,090) 520,707,657 (174,353,548) 2,777,434 (8,582,326) 2,558,479
1,058,468,285 (1,694,134,090) 520,707,657 (174,353,548) 2,777,434 (8,582,326)	- - - - 2,558,479 - -	- - - - -	- - - - - -	(1,694,134,090) 520,707,657 (174,353,548) 2,777,434 (8,582,326) 2,558,479 - 1,913,330
		- 2,558,479 - 2,558,479 - 1,029,000,000 - (514,500,000) -	(4,317,606) (20,950) 300,000	(4,317,606) (20,950) (20,950)

Note: Figures in bracket pertain to the previous year.

#Deferred bonus considered for disclosure and remuneration is based on actual cash payout in the respective year.

As the liabilities for gratuity and leave encashment are provided on an actuarial basis for the Company as a whole, the amounts pertaining to key managerial personnel and relative of key managerial personnel are not included above.



<sup>\*</sup>Reimbursement of expenses to the holding company includes ₹8,569,850 (Previous Year: ₹3,650,385) in respect of remuneration of Neelesh Baheti (CFO).

### Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018

### 26. Leases

### Operating Lease:

Office premises are obtained on operating lease. These leases have an average life between one year to seven years with further renewals option included in the contract. There are no restrictions imposed by lease arrangements. There are no subleases.

	Operating Lease		
	2017-2018 (₹)	2016-2017 (₹)	
Minimum lease payments :			
-Not later than one year	79,266,570	80,485,538	
-Later than one year but not later than five years	38,827,152	114,477,137	
-Later than five years	3,636,321	8,981,705	
Lease payment for the year	79,567,055	74,498,935	

### 27. Employee Benefits

The following table sets forth the status of the Provident fund and Gratuity plan of the Company and the amounts recognized in the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit & Loss as required under AS 15:

### a) Defined contribution plan

The company has recognized the following amount in the Statement of Profit and Loss under the head Contribution to provident and other funds in Employee Benefit Expense for the year:

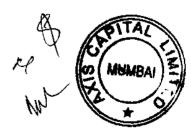
		(Amount in ₹)
Particulars	As at March	As at March
	31, 2018	31, 2017
Employer's contribution to Provident Fund	6,586,448	4,159,859

### b) Defined benefit plan

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee who has completed five years or more of service gets a gratuity on departure at 15 days of last drawn salary for each completed year of service. The scheme is funded with an insurance company in the form of a qualifying insurance policy.

The following tables summarize the components of net benefit expense recognized in the statement of profit and loss and the funded status and amounts recognized in the balance sheet for the respective plans.





### Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018

### Statement of profit and loss

### Net employee benefit expense recognized in employee cost

	2017-2018	2016-2017	
	(₹)	(₹)	
Current service cost	5,629,901	4,805,050	
Interest cost on benefit obligation	5,748,857	6,623,750	
Expected return on plan assets	(5,204,804)	(6,418,735)	
Net actuarial (gain)/ loss recognised in the year	(9,385,619)	4,012,677	
Past Service Cost - Vested benefit recognized during the period	26,762,267	-	
Net benefit expense	23,550,602	9,022,742	
Actual return on plan assets	6,631,910	5,318,933	

### **Balance sheet**

### Details of provision for gratuity

	2017-2018 (₹)	2016-2017 (₹)
Defined benefit obligation	104,749,099	84,294,094
Fair value of plan assets	(81,198,497)	(76,316,769)
Plan (Assets) / Liability	23,550,602	7,977,325

### Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

	2017-2018 (₹)	2016-2017 (₹)
Opening defined benefit obligation	84,294,094	83,633,206
Interest cost	5,748,857	6,623,750
Current service cost	5,629,901	4,805,050
Benefits paid	(9,727,507)	(13,680,787)
Actuarial (gains)/losses on obligation	(7,958,513)	2,912,875
Past Service Cost - Vested benefit recognized during the period	26,762,267	-
Closing defined benefit obligation	(104,749,099)	84,294,094

### Changes in the fair value of plan assets are as follows:

	2017-2018 (₹)	2016-2017 (₹)
Opening fair value of plan assets	76,316,769	81,044,631
Expected return	5,204,804	6,418,735
Contributions by employer	7,977,325	3,633,992
Benefits paid	(9,727,507)	(13,680,787)
Actuarial gains/(losses)	1,427,106	(1,099,802)
Closing fair value of plan assets	81,198,497	76,316,769

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### Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018

The Company expects to contribute ₹23,550,602 (Previous year ₹7,977,325) to gratuity in the next year. The major categories of plan assets as a percentage of the fair value of total plan assets are as follows:

	Gratuity	
	31 March 2018 31 March 2017	
Investment with insurer	100%	100%

The principal assumptions used in determining gratuity obligations for the Company's plans are shown below:

	Gratuity	
	2017-18	2016-17
	%	%
Discount rate	7.68	6.82
Expected rate of return on assets*	7.68	6.82
Employee turnover	10.00	7.00
Salary escalation rate#	7.00	7.00

<sup>\*</sup> The overall expected rate of return on assets is determined based on the market prices prevailing on that date, applicable to the period over which the obligation is to be settled.

#The estimates of future salary increases considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

### Amounts for the current and previous four years are as follows:

	2017-18 (₹)	2016-17 (₹)	2015-16 (₹)	2014-15 (₹)	2013-14 (₹)
Defined benefit obligation	104,749,099	84,294,094	83,633,206	82,605,892	76,527,918
Plan assets	81,198,497	76,316,769	81,044,631	79,641,374	72,895,700
Surplus / (deficit)	(23,550,602)	(7,977,325)	(2,588,575)	(2,964,518)	(3,632,218)
Experience adjustments on plan liabilities	(28,923,544)	(3,311,704)	(5,436,991)	(9,086,211)	(2,204,653)
Experience adjustments on plan assets	1,427,106	(1,099,802)	(360,387)	993,882	1,040,870

28. The outstanding balance on account of principal and interest as on 31 March 2018 remaining unpaid to any supplier registered as small and medium enterprises under "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED) Act 2006" is ₹ Nil (Previous Year: Nil). The Company has not delayed in making payments to any of the parties registered as small and medium enterprises under MSMED, and there has been no interest accrued or paid in this regard.



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### Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018

### 29. Deferred Tax Asset of the Company is as follows:-

	31 March 2018 (₹)	31 March 2017 (₹)	
Deferred tax Assets comprise timing difference on account of:			
-Depreciation	1,343,952	1,492,870	
-Provision for doubtful debts	8,146,006	2,866,287	
-Provision for doubtful advances	92,007	778,970	
-Demerger expenses	-	22,065,032	
-Provision for lease equalization charges	458,070	263,119	
-Provision for Compensated Absences	367,342	-	
-Stamp Duty due but not paid	4,271	-	
Total	10,411,648	27,466,278	

### 30. Details of CSR expenditure:

	2017-2018 (₹)	2016-2017 (₹)
Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	34,375,190	24,830,490
Amount spent during the year for purposes other than		
Construction/acquisition of any asset (in cash)	34,376,000	24,850,000

- 31. During the year ended 31 March 2017, Axis Capital Limited (ACL) [a wholly owned subsidiary of Axis Bank Ltd.] surrendered its ARN code issued by AMFI for the investment solutions business (hereinafter referred to as IS business). As a result, all clients of the IS business were given the choice to shift their existing investments in different mutual fund schemes under the existing ARN code of Axis Bank Limited (ABL). As there was no objection from any such client, the portfolio of the individual clients was transferred under the ARN code of ABL. Accordingly, the clients of IS business became the clients of ABL. All the AMCs were accordingly intimated asking them to transfer the AUM to the ARN code of the Bank. There was no direct contract entered into as that was not required to be entered into between ACL and ABL for this transaction and accordingly no consideration has been exchanged between the parties on this account.
- 32. As part of its variable pay structure, the Company defers a part of the entitlement which is to be settled in instalments over a period of three years in the form of Axis Bank Shares ("stock") or at an amount which would be equivalent to the prevailing price at the time of settlement of such stock. The value of such deferred outstanding as on March 31, 2018 is ₹261,296,403/- (Previous year: ₹178,866,006/-).
- 33. The Company has received margin money in the form of securities from the clients in the normal course of business which are either pledged in favour of the Company or are transferred to the Company's Depository Participant account. Such securities are kept by the Company in a separate Depository Participant account maintained by the Company for all such purposes.





### Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018

34. Provisions made for litigation for the year ended March 31, 2018 comprises of:-

Particulars	Opening Balance (₹)	Provided during the year (₹)	Provision utilised / reversed during the year (₹)	Closing Balance (₹)
Provision for	3,860,334	2,500,000	527,000	5,833,334
litigation	(3,333,334)	(527,000)	-	(3,860,334)

Refer Note 21(A) for nature of the above provisions. Due to the very nature of such provisions, it is not possible to estimate the timing/uncertainties relating to their outflows.

Note: Figures in bracket pertains to previous year.

- 35. Previous year's figures have been audited by a firm of Chartered Accountants other than the present auditors.
- **36.** Previous year figures have been re-grouped / reclassified wherever necessary to confirm the current year classification.

As per report of even date

For Haribhakti & Co. LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration No. 103523W / W100048

Manoj Kumar Daga

**Partner** 

Membership No.:-048523

Place: Mumbai Date: 13 April 2018 For and on behalf of the board of Directors

Shikha Sharma

Chairperson

DIN No. :- 00043265

Dharmesh Mehta

**Managing Director & CEO** 

DIN No. :- 06734366

Klemer.

Neelesh Baheti

**Chief Financial Officer** 

M. Natarajan

Company Secretary

